

# THE SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF VIETNAM

# QCVN 06: 2009/BTNMT

# National Technical Regulation on

# hazardous substances in ambient air

(This English version is for reference only)

HANOI - 2009

INFORMATION CENTER FOR STANDARDS, METROLOGY AND QUALITY

## Foreword

QCVN 06:2009/BTNMT was prepared by the Committee of the National Technical Regulation on Air Quality, submitted by the General Department of Environment, Science and Technology Department and the Legal Department and promulgated in accordance with Circular No. 16/2009/TT-BTNMT dated October 7th, 2009 by the Minister of Natural Resources and Environment.

INFORMATION CENTER FOR STANDARDS, METROLOGY AND QUALITY

# National Technical Regulation on ambient air quality

#### **1. GENERAL PROVISIONS**

#### 1.1. Scope of regulation

1.1.1. This regulation defines limit values of basic parameters included: Sulphur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>), carbon dioxide (CO), nitrogen oxide (NO<sub>x</sub>), ozone (O<sub>3</sub>), suspended dust, dust PM10 (dust  $\leq$  10µm) and lead (Pb) in the ambient air.

1.1.2. This regulation is applied to evaluate the quality of ambient air and control air pollution.

1.1.3. This regulation is not applicable to quality of ambient air in the production establishments and in the house.

#### **1.2. Explanation of terms**

In this regulation, the following terms are expressed as follows:

1.2.1. Average one hour: the arithmetic average of values measured within about one hour for measures which were done more than one time in one hour, measurement values in one time within about one hour. Hourly average value is measured in many times for 24 hours (one day and night) with specific frequency. Maximum hourly average value among measured values for 24 hours is compared with limits given in Table 1.

1.2.2. Average 8 hours: the arithmetic average of values measured within 8 continuously hours.

1.2.3. Average 24 hours: the arithmetic average of values measured within 24 hours (one day and night).

1.2.4. Yearly average: the arithmetic average of average values of 24 hours which are measured within one year.

### 2. TECHNICAL REGULATIONS

Maximum allowed concentration of toxics in ambient air is given in Table 1.

No.	Parameters	Chemical formula	Average time	Allowed concentration
		Inorganic substances		
1.	Arsenic (compound, by As)	As	One hour	0,03
			Year	0,005
2.	Arsenic hydride (Arsine)	AsH <sub>3</sub>	One hour	0,3
			Year	0,05
3.	Hydrochloric acid	HCl	24 hours	60
4.	Nitric acid	HNO <sub>3</sub>	One hour	400
			Year	150
5.	Sulfuric acid	H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	One hour	300
			24 hours	50
			Year	3
6.	Dust with silica oxides > 50%		One hour	150
			24 hours	50
7.	Dust with Chrysotile asbestos	Mg <sub>3</sub> Si <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> (OH)	-	1 fibre /m <sup>3</sup>
8.	Cadmium (smoke with oxide and metal- by Cd)	Cd	One hour	0,4
			8 hours	0,2
			Year	0,005
9.	Chlorine	Cl <sub>2</sub>	One hour	100
			24 hours	30
10.	Chrome VI (compound, by Cr)	Cr <sup>+6</sup>	One hour	0,007
			24 hours	0,003

## Table 1: Maximum allowed concentration of toxics in ambient air

			Year	0,002
11.	Hydrofluoride	HF	One hour	20
			24 hours	5
			Year	1
12.	Hydrogen cyanide	HCN	One hour	10
13.	Manganese and	Mn/MnO <sub>2</sub>	One hour	10
	compound (by MnO <sub>2</sub> )		24 hours	8
			Year	0,15
14.	Nickel (metal and compound, by Ni)	Ni	24 hours	1
15.	Mercury (metal and compound, by Hg)	Hg	24 hours	0,3
Organic s	ubstances			
16.	Acrolein	CH <sub>2</sub> = CHCHO	One hour	50
17.	Acrylonitrile	CH <sub>2</sub> = CHCN	24 hours	45
			Year	22,5
18.	Aniline	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> NH <sub>2</sub>	One hour	50
			24 hours	30
19.	Acrylic acid	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>3</sub> COOH	Year	54
20.	Benzene	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	One hour	22
			Year	10
21.	Benzidine	NH <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH <sub>2</sub>	One hour	KPHT
22.	Chloroform	CHCl <sub>3</sub>	24 hours	16
			Year	0,04
23.	Hydrocarbon	C <sub>n</sub> H <sub>m</sub>	One hour	5000
			24 hours	1500

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24.	Formaldehyde	НСНО	One hour	20
25.	Naphthalene	C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>8</sub>	8 hours	500
			24 hours	120
26.	Phenol	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> OH	One hour	10
27.	Tetrachloroethylene	C <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>4</sub>	24 hours	100
28.	Vinyl chloride	CICH= CH <sub>2</sub>	24 hours	26
Substance	es causing bad smell			
29.	Ammonia	NH <sub>3</sub>	One hour	200
30.	Acetaldehyde	CH <sub>3</sub> CHO	One hour	45
			Year	30
31.	Propanoic acid	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> COOH	8 hours	300
32.	Hydrogen sulfide	H <sub>2</sub> S	One hour	42
33.	Methyl mercaptan	CH <sub>3</sub> SH	One hour	50
			24 hours	20
34.	Styrene	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH=CH <sub>2</sub>	24 hours	260
			Year	190
35.	Toluene	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	One maximum time	1000
			One hour	500
			Year	190
36.	Xylene	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	One hour	1000
	Ň	lote: KPHT: not detec	ted	

### **3. DETERMINATION METHOD**

Determination method of parameters of air quality shall be made in accordance guidances of national standards or corresponding standards of the international standards:

- TCVN 5969:1995 (ISO 4220:1983) Ambient air. Determination of a gaseous acid air pollution index. Titrimetric method with indicator or potentiometric end-point detection.

- TCVN 6502:1999 (ISO 10312:1995) Ambient air. Determination of asbestos fibres. Direct-transfer transmission electron microscopy method

Parameters given in this regulation without national standards guides shall apply corresponding analysis standards of the international standards.

### 4. ORGANIZATION OF IMPLEMENTATION

This Regulation is applied for replacing TCVN 5938:2005- Air quality. Maximum allowable concentration of hazardous substances in ambient air which is issued with the enclosure with Decision No. 22/2006/QD-BKHCNMT dated December 18th, 2006 by the Minister of Science, Technology and Quality on the compulsory application of Vietnam Standards on Environment.

In that case that national or international standards on the analysis method cited in this regulation have amendments, supplements or replacements, shall apply the new ones.